

GCE MARKING SCHEME

SUMMER 2017

MATHEMATICS - M1 0980-01

INTRODUCTION

This marking scheme was used by WJEC for the 2017 examination. It was finalised after detailed discussion at examiners' conferences by all the examiners involved in the assessment. The conference was held shortly after the paper was taken so that reference could be made to the full range of candidates' responses, with photocopied scripts forming the basis of discussion. The aim of the conference was to ensure that the marking scheme was interpreted and applied in the same way by all examiners.

It is hoped that this information will be of assistance to centres but it is recognised at the same time that, without the benefit of participation in the examiners' conference, teachers may have different views on certain matters of detail or interpretation.

WJEC regrets that it cannot enter into any discussion or correspondence about this marking scheme.

MATHEMATICS M1 (June 2017)

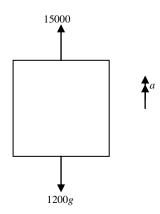
Markscheme

Q Solution

Mark

Notes

1(a)



N2L applied to lift,upwards +ve

M1

dimensionally correct 15000, 1200g opposing No extra forces.

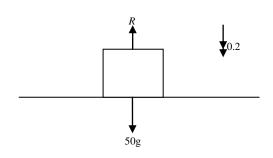
$$15000 - 1200g = 1200a$$
$$15000 - 1200 \times 9.8 = 1200a$$

A1

a = 2.7

A1

1(b)



N2L applied to crate, down +ve

M1

dimensionally correct R and 50g opposing. No extra forces.

$$50g - R = 50a$$

 $R = 50(9.8 - 0.2)$
 $R = 480 \text{ (N)}$

$$R = 480 \, (N)$$

Q Solution Mark Notes

2(a) Impulse on
$$Q = 2(7.5 - (-3))$$
 M1
 $I = 21 \text{ (Ns)}$ A1 magnitude required.

2(b) Conservation of momentum M1 equation required. Allow 1 sign error
$$6 \times 5 + 2 \times (-3) = 6v + 2 \times 7.5$$
 A1 $v = 1.5 \text{ (ms}^{-1}\text{)}$ A1 cao speed required

2(c) Restitution equation M1 allow one sign error Ft
$$v$$

$$7.5 - 1.5 = -e(-3 - 5)$$

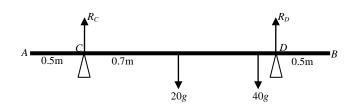
$$e = \underline{0.75}$$
A1 Ft v
A1 cao

2(d) speed after rebound =
$$7.5 \times 0.6$$
 M1
= $4.5 \text{ (ms}^{-1}\text{)}$ A1 cao allow -4.5

Mark

Notes

3.



3(a) Moments about D

M1 dimen correct equation

 $40g \times 0.1 + 20g \times 0.7 = R_C \times 1.4$

All forces, no extra any correct moment

8 8

A1 correct equation

 $R_C = 126(N)$

A1 cao

Resolve vertically

M1 dimen correct equation

All forces, no extra

 $R_C + R_D = 40g + 20g$

A1

B1

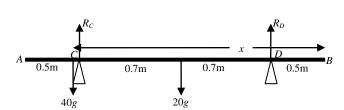
 $R_D = \frac{2}{462(N)}$

A1 cao

Alternative method

Two simultaneous equations award B1 M1 A1 M1 A1 A1cao A1cao

3(b)



Moments about C

M1 dimen correct equation All forces, no extra

oe

 $40g(x-1.9) + R_D \times 1.4 = 20g \times 0.7$

Equilibrium on point of collapse

when $R_D=0$.

or if moments about point not C

 R_C =60g, (and R_D =0 implied).

M1

 $40g(x-1.9) = 20g \times 0.7$

x = 2.25(m)

A1 cao

Mark Notes

4(a) using v=u+at, u=0, v=15, t=50

$$15 = 0 + 50a$$

 $a = 0.3 \text{ (ms}^{-2})$

M1

4(b) N2L T - R = maM1dim correct equation

$$300 - R = 800 \times 0.3$$

$$R = 300 - 240$$

A1 Ft a

$$R = 300 - 240$$

 $R = \underline{60 (N)}$

using $s=ut+0.5at^2$, u=0, a=0.3(c), t=50 $s=0.5\times0.3\times50^2$ 4(c) M1oe FT a **A**1

> s = 375Distance used in braking = 500 - 375 = 125

Using $v^2=u^2+2as$, u=15, v=0, s=125(c)M1

$$0 = 15^2 + 2 \times a \times 125$$

A1

oe

$$a = -\frac{15^2}{2 \times 125}$$

$$a = -0.9$$

 $800 \times (-)(0.9) = (-)720$ B1 ft a

N2L

-B-R=maM1dim correct equation

B = 660 (N)**A**1 cao

<u>Alternative</u>

$$(-)F = 800 \times (-)(0.9)$$
 (B1)

F = 720

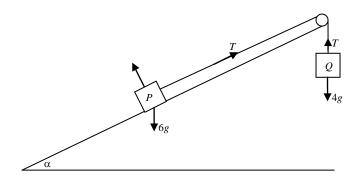
Force exerted by brakes = 720 - 60(M1)

> = 660 (N)(A1) cao

Mark

Notes

5



5(a)
$$\sin \alpha = \frac{3}{5}$$

$$4g - T = 4a$$

B1

N2L applied to second particle

M1 Dim correct equation. *T* and weight opposing sin/cos required.

$$T - 6g\sin\alpha = 6a$$

Adding
$$4g - 6g \times \frac{3}{5} = 10a$$

m1

A1

Adding $4g - 0g \times \frac{1}{5} = 10a$ $a = 0.04g = 0.392 \text{(ms}^{-2}\text{)}$

A1 cao mag req. accept 0.4

$$T = \frac{3.84g}{3.632(N)} = \frac{37.632(N)}{3}$$

A1 cao accept 37.6/7

cao

5(b) Using
$$v^2 = u^2 + 2as$$
, $u = 0$, $a = 0.392$ (c), $s = 1.5$ M1 oe $v^2 = 2 \times 0.04g \times 1.5$ A1 Ft a

$$v = \frac{\sqrt{3g}}{5} = 1.0844 (\text{ms}^{-1})$$
 A1

5(c) Using
$$v=u+at$$
, $v=0$, $u=\frac{\sqrt{3g}}{5}$ (c), $a=(\pm)0.6g$ M1 oe

$$0 = \frac{\sqrt{3g}}{5} - 0.6gt$$
 A1 Ft v from (b)

$$t = 0.1844$$
 A1 cao

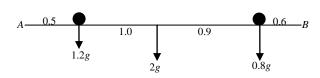
Required time =
$$0.37(s)$$
 A1 Ft t , 2dp required.

Mark

A1

Notes

6.



Take moments about *B*

M1 dimensionally correct 4 terms equation, condone no *g* throughout.

$$(1.2g + 2g + 0.8g)x$$

= 1.2g×2.5 + 2g×1.5 + 0.8g×0.6

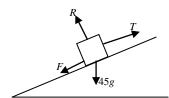
B1 any correct moment A1 correct equation

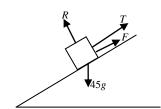
 $x = 1.62 \, (\mathrm{m})$

Mark

Notes

7





Resolve perpendicular to plane

 $R = 45g \cos \alpha = (36g = 352.8)$

M1

A1

$$F = 0.5 \times R = (18g = 176.4)$$

m1

N2L parallel to plane

M1 or N2L with *a*=0 Dimensionally correct All forces, *T* and wt opp.

accept $sin\alpha$

For greatest *T*

 $T = 45g \sin \alpha + F$

A1 a=0

T = 27g + 18gT = 45g = 441(N)

A1 cao

N2L parallel to plane

M1 or N2L with *a*=0
Dimensionally correct
All forces, *T* and wt opp. *F* in opposite direction to previous N2L.

For least T

$$45g \sin \alpha = T + F$$

A1 a=0

 $T = 45g \sin \alpha - F$

A 1

$$T = 27g - 18g$$

 $T = 9g = 88.2(N)$

A1 cao

Condone absence of 'greatest/least' but if present must be correct for A1.

Q	Solution	
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Mark Notes

8(a). Area from
$$AF(x)$$
 from $AB(y)$

ABEF 180 5 9 B1

BCD 90 15 6 B1

$$270x = 180 \times 5 + 90 \times 15$$

$$270x = 2250$$

$$x = \frac{25}{3} = 8.3$$
 A1 cao

$$270y = 180 \times 9 + 90 \times 6$$
 M1
 $270y = 2160$ A1 cao

8(b) Identification of correct triangle M1
$$(10-25/3)$$

Identification of correct triangle
$$\tan \theta = \left(\frac{10 - 25/3}{18 - 8}\right)$$

$$\theta = \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{5}{30}\right)$$
A1 Ft x, y

$$\theta = 9.5^{(o)}$$
 or $\theta = 0.165^{(c)}$ A1 FT x, y units not required but if present must be correct.